### **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name

Jonathan Green Turf-pro Perfect Green Fertilizer 18-2-2

### 1.2 Other means of identification

Granular fertilizer

### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

For turf/ornamental fertilizer applications. See product label for application instructions.

#### 1.4 Distributor's details

Name Jonathan Green, Inc. Address P.O. Box 326

Farmingdale, NJ 07727

USA

Email support@jonathangreen.com

1.5 Emergency phone number(s)

For Hazardous Materials [or Dangerous Goods] Incident

Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night

1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-527-3887 CCN826092

### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### General hazard statement

Avoid creating dust when handling, using or storing. Use outdoors or in well ventilated area to avoid exposure to dust.

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2B
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2

# 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

**Pictogram** 



Signal word Warning

### Hazard statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation H320 Causes eye irritation

H335 May cause respiratory irritation

### Precautionary statement(s)

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../ if you feel unwell.

P321 Specific treatment (see First Aid section).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container according to local regulations

### 2.3 Other hazards which do not result in classification

No data available

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

This Safety Data Sheet is not a guarantee of product specification or NPK value(s).

### **Hazardous components**

| Component   | Concentration              |
|---|----------------------------|
| Biosolids (Digested sewage sludge) (CAS no.: 308066-19-5)               | 33.9 - 34.1 % (weight)     |
| Urea (CAS no.: 57-13-6)   | 24.225 - 27.075 % (weight) |
| Potassium chloride (CAS no.: 7447-40-7; EC no.: 231-211-8)              | 22.5 - 22.6 % (weight)     |
| Limestone (CAS no.: 1317-65-3)  | 13.5 - 14.85 % (weight)    |
| Sulfur (CAS no.: 7704-34-9; EC no.: 231-722-6; Index no.: 016-094-00-1) | 1.14 - 3.705 % (weight)    |
| Quartz (CAS no.: 14808-60-7; EC no.: 238-878-4)                         | < 0.1 % (weight)           |

### Trade secret statement (OSHA 1910.1200(i))

\*The specific chemical identities and/or actual concentrations or actual concentration ranges for one or more listed components are being withheld as trade secrets under the US regulation 29 CFR 1910.1200(i). Note: The balance of the ingredients are not classified as hazardous or are below the concentration

limit to be classified as hazardous, under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is

difficult, give oxygen. Use oxygen as required, provided by a qualified operator. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists

In case of skin contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Take off

contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash contaminated clothing

before re-use. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

In case of eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15

minutes. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

If swallowed Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. If vomiting occurs naturally,

have victim lean forward to reduce the risk of aspiration. Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything

by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

INHALATION: May cause respiratory irritation.

SKIN: Skin irritation

EYES: Dust particles may cause serious eye irritation.

Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision Symptoms may include stinging,

tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision.

INGESTION: May cause discomfort if swallowed. May be harmful if swallowed in large quantities.

### 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing agent suitable for type of surrounding fire. Avoid excessive water to minimize runoff. Prevent firefighter water from entering the environment.

Small fires: Water spray, foam, dry chemical or CO2

Large fires: Water spray, fog or foam.

# 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Container may rupture on heating. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses. Explosive reactions with oxidizing agents such as potassium chlorate and/or peroxides. In case of fire hazardous decomposition products may be produced such as:

Ammonia

Carbon monoxide

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

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Potassium chloride: Hydrogen chloride gas, Potassium oxides

### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the case of respirable dust and/or fumes, use self-contained breathing apparatus and dust impervious protective suit.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protective equipment. Unprotected persons must be kept away. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Provide adequate ventilation. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing dust.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

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Fertilizers will dissolve and disperse in water and promote algae growth, Notify downstream water users of any release that may affect water quality

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Use a suitable vacuum cleaner.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep out of reach of children. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Good housekeeping and controlling of dusts are necessary for safe handling of product. Wash thoroughly

after handling. Eating, drinking and smoking is prohibited when handling product. Use with adequate ventilation. Provide exhaust ventilation if dust is formed. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Containers should be protected against falling down. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store away from incompatible substances. Avoid generation and spreading of dust.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

CAS: 1317-65-3

Limestone, Total dust

Cal/OSHA: 10 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 REL inhalation; OSHA: 15 mg/m3 PEL inhalation

CAS: 14808-60-7 (EC: 238-878-4)

Silica, crystalline

ACGIH: 0.025 mg/m3 (resp.) for α-quartz and cristobalite TLV® inhalation; Cal/OSHA: 0.05 mg/m3 PEL inhalation; NIOSH: 0.05 mg/m3 REL inhalation; OSHA: 10 mg/m3 respirable 30 mg/m3 total PEL-TWA inhalation

CAS: 7704-34-9 (EC: 231-722-6)

Sulfur

ACGIH: 10mg/m3 TWA: OSHA: 15 mg/md PEL-TWA

#### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Use adequate general or local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne concentrations below the permissible exposure limits.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

### Eye/face protection

Wear as appropriate: Safety glasses with side-shields

#### Skin protection

Gloves: Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Replace when worn. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### **Body protection**

Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wash working clothes separately.

### Respiratory protection

When product is used outdoors, and as intended respirators are not expected to be required. A NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with a type 95 (R or P) particulate filter may be used under conditions where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits or respiratory irritation is experienced. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited (see manufacturer's respirator selection guide). A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed if workplace conditions warrant a respirator use.

# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.)

Odor

Odor threshold

На

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point Evaporation rate

Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability limits

Upper/lower explosive limits

Vapor pressure Vapor density

Relative density

Solubility(ies)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Other safety information

Bulk Density: 56.2

No data available. No data available.

No data available.

Multi-color granules

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1 Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and use conditions. Some components may react if exposed to incompatible materials.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Contact with incompatible materials. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Contact with powerful oxidizing agents such as fluorine, boron trifluoride, chlorine trifluoride, manganese trifluoride, and oxygen difluoride may cause fire and/or explosions. Some components of limestone may react vigorously with water and strong acids.

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Potassium chloride: Strong acids, Strong oxidizing agents

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Silica, crystalline: Hydrogen fluoride

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

The decomposition of fertilizer products may result in the generation of some or all of the following: ammonia, formaldehyde, biuret, chlorine, cyanic acid, and cyanide, and oxides of carbon, nitrogen, phosphorus, potassium, sulfur, and chlorine, and oxides of alkaline earth metals, and certain heavier metals used as nutrients in fertilizer products, such as copper, iron, manganese, and zinc, and other irritating and toxic fumes and gases.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Potassium chloride

LD50 Oral - Rat - 2600 mg/kg

Citation: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)

https://www.cdc.gov/niosh-rtecs/TS7AD550.html

Sulfur

LD50 Skin - Rat - >2000 mg/kg - 24 hr

Sulfur

LD50 Inhalation - Rat - > 5.43 g/m3 - 4 hr

Sulfur

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 2000 mg/kg

UREA

LD50 Oral - Rat - > 8471 mg/kg

### Skin corrosion/irritation

Irritating to skin. Signs/symptoms may include localized redness, swelling, and itching.

### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes eye irritation by mechanical abrasion of dust. Signs/symptoms may include redness, swelling, pain, tearing, and blurred or hazy vision.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

### Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

#### Carcinogenicity

Limestone may contain trace amounts of crystalline and amorphous silica (quartz) as a natural impurity. The International Agency for Cancer Research (IARC) has classified crystalline silica as a carcinogen to humans (Group 1), and amorphous silica as not classifiable as to its

carcinogenicity to humans (Group 3). See "Silica, Some Silicates, Coal dust and para-Aramid Fibrils in IARC Monographs on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risks to Humans", (Vol. 68).

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation by inhalation

### STOT-repeated exposure

Inhalation may cause damage to lungs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Dust exposure has been related to silicosis. Prolonged exposure to crystalline silica can cause silicosis, a fibrosis (scarring) of the lungs that can be progressive and may lead to death. Avoid creating and breathing dust. Use product only as intended in well ventilated outdoor areas.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

No data available.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Potassium chloride

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 880 mg/l - 96 h

Potassium chloride

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - >440 mg/l - 48 h

Remarks: (OECD Test Guideline 202)

**UREA** 

EC50 - Daphnia magna (water flea) - > 10000 mg/l - 96 hr

**UREA** 

LC50 - Leuciscus idus (golden orfe) - >6810 mg/l - 96 hr

### Persistence and degradability

No data available.

### Bioaccumulative potential

Not expected to bioconcentrate or bioaccumulate.

#### Mobility in soil

This product is water soluble and may disperse in soil

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

### Other adverse effects

May be toxic to aquatic life. In sufficient quantity may deplete oxygen required by aquatic life. May cause eutrophication of ponds and lakes.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### Disposal of the product

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Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Recover or recycle if possible. Properly characterize all waste materials.

### Disposal of contaminated packaging

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

#### Waste treatment

Consult federal, state/provincial and local regulations regarding the proper disposal of this material.

### Sewage disposal

Prevent material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized treatment drainage systems, and natural waterways.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

| 14.1 | UN Number                    | None |
|------|------------------------------|------|
| 14.2 | UN Proper Shipping Name      | None |
| 14.3 | Transport hazard class(es)   | None |
| 14.4 | Packing group                | None |
| 14.5 | Environmental hazards        | None |
| 14.6 | Special precautions for user | None |

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code None

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

### California Prop. 65 Components

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Quartz (crystalline silica) CAS-No. 14808-60-7

### **CERCLA**

Not listed

### **Massachusetts Right To Know Components**

Chemical name: Quartz CAS number: 14808-60-7

### **New Jersey Right To Know Components**

Common name: SILICA, QUARTZ

CAS number: 14808-60-7

# Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: Sulfur CAS number: 7704-34-9

Chemical name: Quartz CAS number: 14808-60-7

Chemical name: Limestone CAS number: 1317-65-3

### **SARA 302 Components**

No chemicals in this material are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 302.

### SARA 311/312 Hazards

Immediate (acute) health hazard

### **SARA 313 Components**

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

### **Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory**

Components Listed or Exempt

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

This safety data sheet was developed from safety data sheets of suppliers of the constituent materials identified herein and does not relate to the use of such materials in combination with any other material or beyond its intended use. This information is based on our present knowledge and is provided according to the relevant national regulations.

#### 16.1 Further information/disclaimer

This information is intended as a characterization of the product in order to provide guidance for the relevant safety issues. However, this document does not provide any warranty, expressed or implied, regarding the properties of the product. No warranty is expressed or implied with respect to the completeness or ongoing accuracy of the information contained in this data sheet, and Ferti Technologies. disclaims all liability for reliance on such information. This data sheet is not a guarantee of safety. Users are responsible for ensuring that they have all current information necessary to safely use the product described by this data sheet for their specific purposes.

### 16.2 Preparation information

The classification of the mixture was set based on the regulation (US) HazCom 1910.1200 [HCS 2012].